

GENERAL RULES
The solid black perimeter lines indicate where to cut the paper. The cut-out should be square.
Fold the paper so 1 touches 1 , 2 touches 2,3 touches 3 , et cetera. Occasionally numbers will be supplemented with letters (ex: 7a and 7b). These indicate multiple points that need to touch in a single fold (ex: 7a must touch 7a, and 7 b must touch 7 b simultaneously).

Outlined numbers (ex: $\mathbb{1}$ ) are to be folded, creased, and unfolded. Overlined numbders (ex: $\overline{1}$ ) indicate that only the top layer of paper (and not all layers) are to be folded.

The gray lines and accompanying numbers in parentheses illustrate where each fold should crease the paper. After making each fold, double check that you did it correctly by unfolding it and ensuring the crease is in the right place.



INSTRUCTIONS
Fold $\mathbb{1}^{*}$ to $\mathbb{1}$, crease, and unfold.
Fold 2 to 2, crease, and unfold.
Fold $\mathbb{1}^{*}$ to $\mathbb{A}$, crease, and unfold.
Fold $\mathbb{1}^{*}$ to $\mathbb{B}$, crease, and unfold.
Fold $\overline{3 \mathrm{a}}$ to $3 \mathrm{a}, \overline{3 \mathrm{~b}}$ to $3 \mathrm{~b}, \overline{3 \mathrm{c}}$ to $3 \mathrm{c}, \& \overline{3 \mathrm{~d}}$ to 3 d .
Repeat last three folds on the other side, ensuring symmetry.
Fold 4 to 4 . Repeat on other side, ensuring symmetry.

Fold $\overline{5}$ to 5 and glue together. Repeat on Fold 8 to 8 , crease, and unfold. other side.
Fold 6 to 6.
Tricky because the numbers are on the inside: Fold 7 a to $7 \mathrm{a}, 7 \mathrm{~b}$ to 7 b , and 7 c to 7 c .
No numbers: Create the mouth by folding the tip forward (see pictures). Once satisfied with the mouth, glue 7c to 7c.
Cut along dotted line.

There is no fold 9 .
Fold 10 to 10 , crease, and unfold.
Tricky because some numbers are on the inside: Fold 11a to 11a, 11 b to 11 b , and 11 c to 11 c .
Glue 11c to 11 c .
No numbers: Shape tail by separating and creasing where cut. Glue if needed.

